



Presented to:

Bob Wells
Will Cole-Hamilton
David Frisch
Doug Hillian
Evan Jolicoeur
Melanie McCollum
Wendy Morin

Presented by:

Cassidy v. Ros

"Relocation of a building as an alternative to demolition can have positive environmental impacts due to its reduction of both demolition waste and the use of new resources." Ministry of Housing Technical Bulletin, 2024

As the demand for densification increases, more and more newly-built homes are being slated for demolition alongside older construction

In addition to these newer homes frequently becoming candidates for relocation, many older homes have also been shown to exceed current construction standards. For instance, lath and plaster construction demonstrated up to 440% more shearing capacity than homes built to current code standards. Other common construction practices that have since been deemed "out-dated," yet show superior resilience in high wind and seismic risk areas include:

- a. Wall sheathing with longer laps over the floor perimeter,
- b. Bridging between studs and floor joists,
- c. 16 inch on centre framing,
- d.Dimensional lumber,
- e.Diagonal board sheathing.

As per a study released with Phase 2 Federal Code Change documents, 2023

C&D waste represents 1/3 of regional landfill content

Demolition of an avg. 2000 sq.ft. building results in over 100,000kg of material waste

Over 60 new trees are felled to build a new 2000 sq. ft. home

3,271 single family dwellings demolished annually

The construction industry generates 40% of global materials production emissions

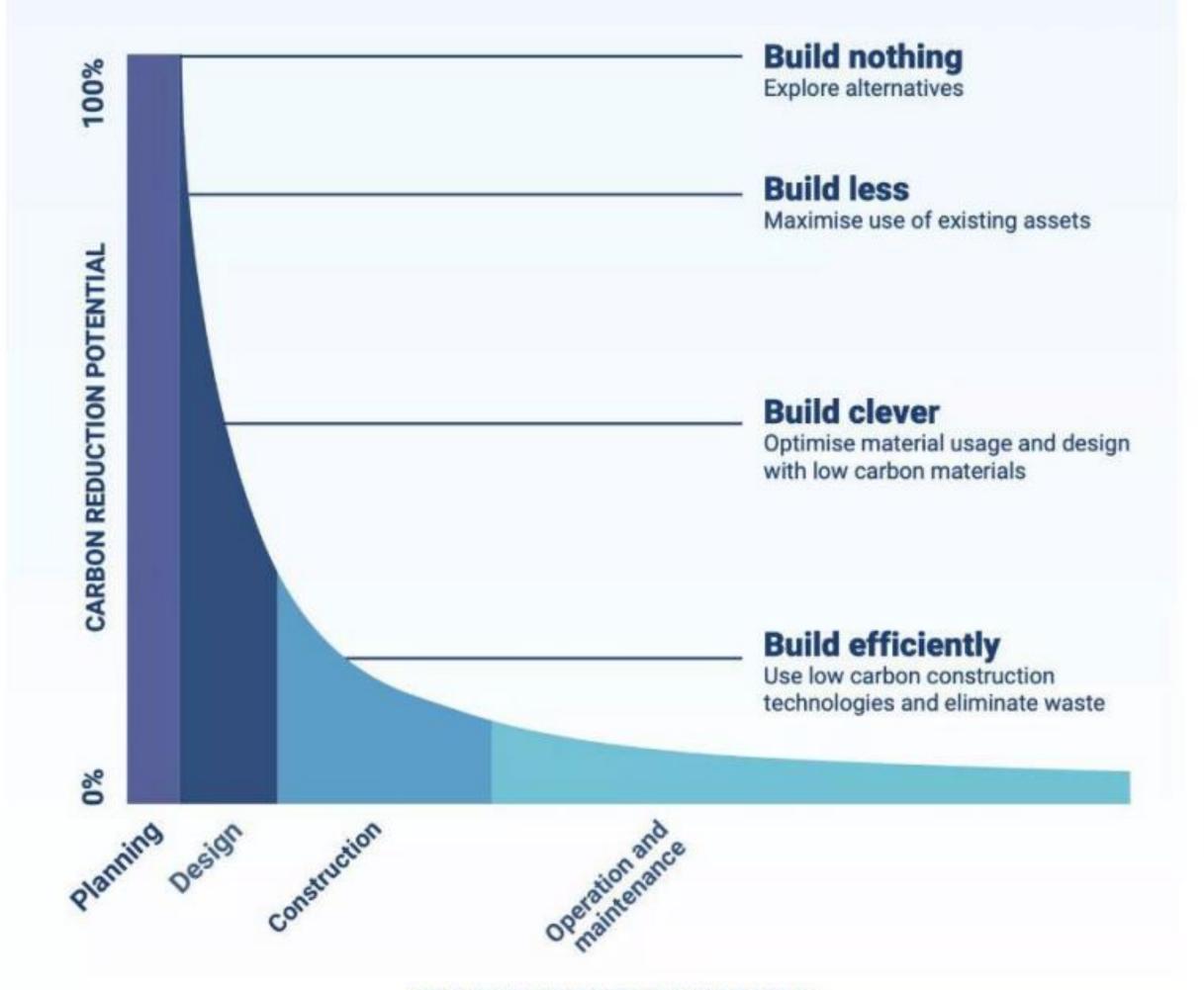
25% of existing buildings demolished by 2030

Global demand for raw materials is expected to double by 2060

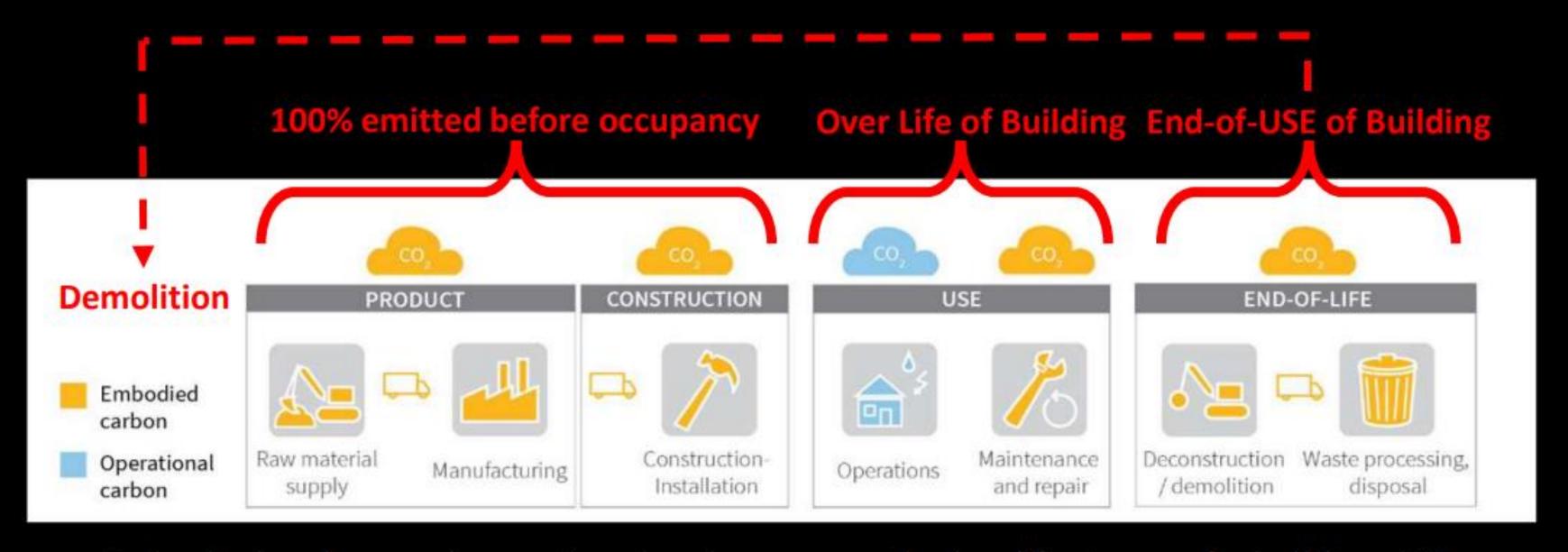
60% of homes demolished are less than 83 years old

New, energy efficient buildings emit 65,000kg of CO2e in their lifetimes

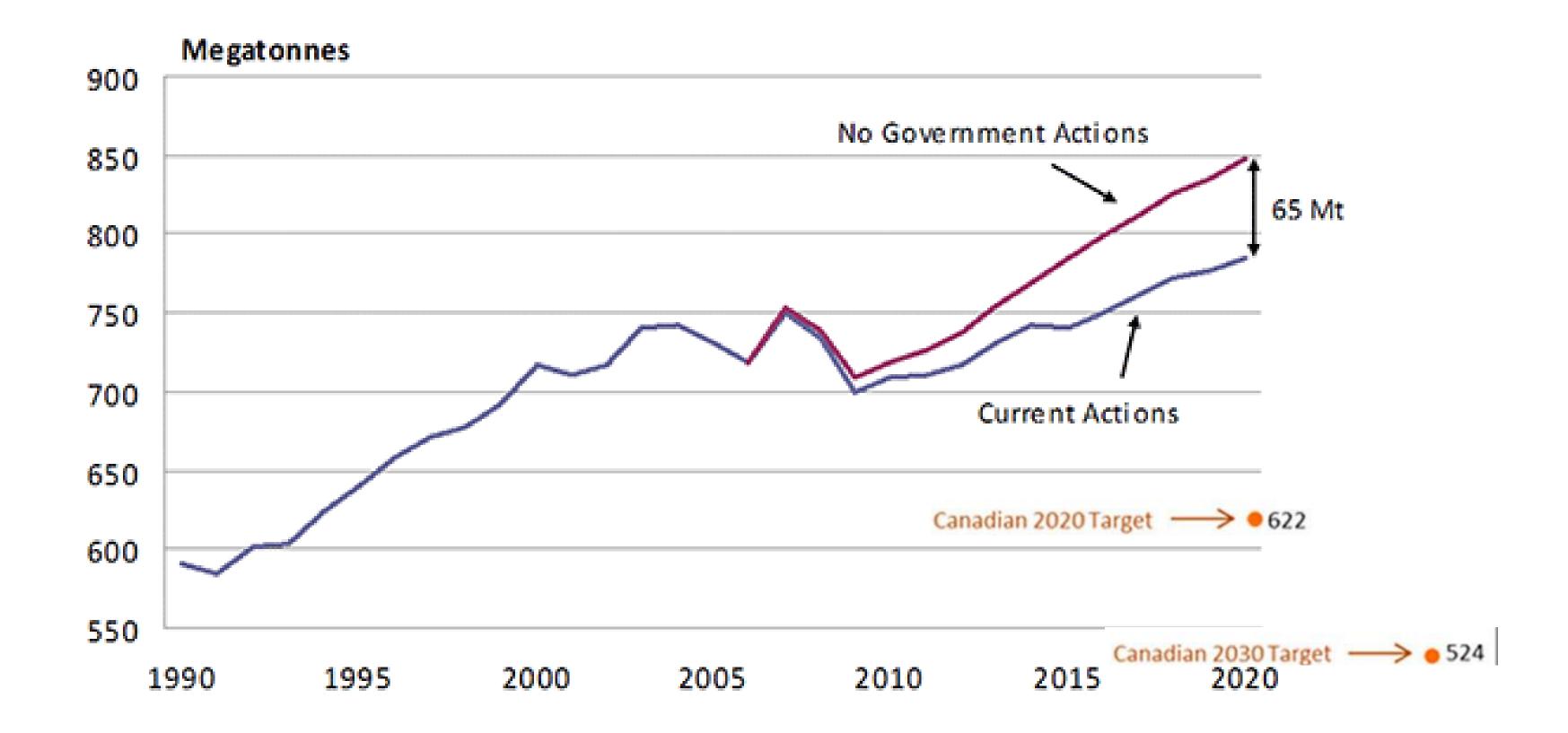
Average carbon payback period of 168 years



PROJECT DEVELOPMENT STAGES



Embodied carbon and operational carbon across the key life stages of a building. CLF



Canada agreed at COP21 to reduce carbon dioxide emissions to 524 megatonnes per year by 2030.

At current rates, Canada will emit 875 megatonnes annually by 2030.

109 trees
99,000 kgs of landfill waste
144,720 kgs embodied carbon
157 years left to complete carbon cycle
\$100 / sq.ft. to relocate

73,000 kgs of landfill waste 104,000 kgs embodied carbon 136 years left to complete carbon cycle \$188 / sq.ft. to relocate









74,000 kgs of landfill waste 108,000 kgs embodied carbon 148 years left to complete carbon cycle \$98 / sq.ft. to relocate

105 trees 95,000 kgs of landfill waste 140,000 kgs embodied carbon 155 years left to complete carbon cycle \$87 / sq.ft. to relocate



Chief Lenora Joe welcomes 10 homes that were relocated to Sechelt Nation in partnership with Nickel Bros, Wesgroup and Renewal Development.

